Paper / Subject Code: 86016 / Elective: Human Resource : Human Resource Accounting & Audit

TIME: 2.5 Hours MARKS: 75 Note: 1.Q1is compulsory. 2. Q2 to Q5 is compulsory with internal choice. 3. Figures to the right indicate marks. Q1. (A) Select the correct answer from the multiple choice questions (Any8) 1. Human resources are considered as important a. Liabilities b. Assets c. Income d. Expense 2. HRA shows human resource as and not expense. b. Liabilities a. Capital c. Income d. Bad debts 3. In 1960's, \_\_\_\_\_\_ along with other social researchers made an attempt to define the concept of human resource accounting. a. Rensis Likert b. Malcolm Baldrige d. Stephen Knauf c. Ishikawa Kauru is calculated as Basic + DA x No. of years of service x 15/26. a. Pension b. Salary c. TDS d. Gratuity \_\_\_\_\_ method involves drawing inferences from various senses that are seen 5.0 and heard off in day to day life. a. Questionnaire b. Observation c. Workshop d. Interview 6. All actual cost incurred on recruitment, training, familiarisation are capitalised in  $\sim$  cost method. a. Historical b. Economic c. Replacement d. Opportunity 7. HR valuation report helps the management to control all \_\_\_\_\_ related to HR department a. Income b. Loss c. Profit d. Cost 8. The object of modern audit is to report on \_ position. a. Market b. Social c. Financial d. Present audits are conducted at regular intervals. a. Ad hoc b. Periodic c. Internal d. External \_\_\_\_\_ is a man-made art and its principles and procedures have been 10. evolved over a period of time. a. Accounting b. Human c. Animals d. Money

## B

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1.	Replacement method is a non-monetary method of human valuation.	
2.	Economic value method takes into account the valuation made by resources to the organisation.	the human
3.	Human resource audit can be used as an intervention to bring about org change.	anisational
4.	Workshop method of conducting HR audit is very rigid.	A.
5.	HR audit helps in increasing the human resource cost.	APP -
6.	Result of HR audit can be expressed in measurable terms.	
7.	Historical cost accounting concepts are unrealistic profit.	2T
8.	Professional tax or employment tax is a state base tax.	
9.	The valuation of human assets is based on the assumption that employees a	re going to
	remain with the organisation for a specified period.	
10	The valuations of human resources along with other assets are necessary find out the total cost of an organisation.	in order to
2	A) Discuss the objective of HR accounting.	(8)
-	<b>B</b> ) Discuss the various stages in Historical development of HRA	(7)
	OR	
2	P) Explain the components of acquisition cost and training and development	t cost (8)
2	<b>Q</b> ) List and explain any 5 shortcomings / limitations of Human Resource	
		(7)
3	A) Define and explain the advantages of historical cost.	(8)
200	<b>B</b> ) Explain capitalisation of salary with its advantages and disadvantages.	(7)
3	<b>P</b> ) Explain the replacement cost model with its advantages	(8)
-	<b>Q</b> ) Opportunity cost has both advantages and disadvantages justify	(7)
4.6	A) What is human resource audit? Explain its features.	(8)
5	<ul><li>B) List and explain the benefits of HR audit.</li></ul>	(ð) (7)
	OR	(I)
4	<b>P</b> ) Explain the interview method of conducting HR audit along with its a	advantages
-		(8)
	$\mathbf{Q}$ ) Explain any three issues that may arise in case of HR audits	( <b>0</b> ) ( <b>7</b> )
S E D-		
5 EX	plain the monetary and non-monetary method valuation of HR in brief.	(15)
5	OR Write short note on (any three)	(15)
5.	Write short note on (any three) New Hire orientation process	(15)
1.	Role of HR auditor	
2. 3.	Human resource accounting	
э. Л	Questionnaire method	

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